APPARATUS FOR CONTROLLING FLOW RATE FROM A VALVE DISPENSER

This invention relates to dispensing apparatus and to a user operated valve assembly for use with a dispensing apparatus. Particularly, but not exclusively it relates to a dispensing apparatus and valve assembly for dispensing viscous materials from a container under pressure of a propellant.

It is known to provide a dispensing apparatus which includes a valve mechanism fitted to a container filled with a product, for example mastic or sealant, which is to be dispensed. An example of such an apparatus is disclosed in WO 01/49585 (Rocep Lusol Holdings Limited). The user presses the handle of a lever to open the valve and dispense product from the pressurised container. In apparatus using a tilt valve the user pushes the valve stem to one side to open the valve and dispense product from the pressurised container. However such dispensers are intended for use only in

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1 situations where a full flow of product is required. 2 There is no intermediate setting of the valve which 3 permits an intermediate flow rate, and it can be 4 difficult to ensure a steady stream of flow unless 5 the valve is fully open. 6 7 It is an object of the present invention to provide 8 a dispensing apparatus which overcomes one or more 9 of the above disadvantages. 10 According to the present invention there is provided 11 a valve assembly for use with a dispensing 12 apparatus, the valve assembly comprising: 13 14 a valve; 15 a lever arranged to open the valve to dispense product; and 16 variable spacer means arranged to limit the 17 travel of the lever by a variable amount according 18 to the relative position of the lever and the 19 20 variable spacer means. 21 22 According to a first aspect of the present invention 23 the valve is a tilt valve including a valve stem, 24 and the lever is coupled to the valve stem. 25 26 Preferably the variable spacer means is adapted to 27 prevent travel of the lever in a particular relative position of the lever and the variable spacer means. 28 In this position the lever cannot be operated so 29 that the valve is effectively locked in a closed 30 31 position. 32

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Preferably the valve assembly includes a nozzle. 1 Preferably the lever is integral with the nozzle. 2 Preferably the nozzle is sealingly engaged with the 3 4 valve stem. 5 6 Preferably the variable spacer means includes a plurality of spacer portions of differing thickness, 7 each spacer portion being arranged to limit the 8 travel of the lever by a predetermined amount. One 9 spacer portion may be arranged to allow a full range 10 of travel of the lever so that by pressing the lever 11 fully the valve is fully opened. Another spacer 12 portion may be arranged to allow a partial range of 13 travel of the lever so that by pressing the lever 14 fully the valve is opened to an intermediate flow 15 setting. Further spacer portions may be arranged to 16 provide further intermediate flow settings. 17 18 Alternatively the variable spacer means may comprise 19 a cam surface arranged to limit the travel of the 20 lever by an amount which varies with the relative 21 position of the lever and the variable spacer means. 22 This allows the user of the valve assembly infinite 23 adjustment of the flow rate by selecting a 24 particular relative position of the lever and the 25 variable spacer means. 26 27 In a first preferred embodiment of the first aspect 28 29 the variable spacer means comprises a collar which 30 in use engages with a container with which the valve assembly is used. 31 32

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Preferably the spacer portions comprise a plurality 1 2 of portions of the collar of different height adapted to contact the lever when the lever is at 3 the limit of its travel. Preferably the lever is 4 5 rotatably mounted relative to the valve so that in use the lever is rotated to select a required limit 6 7 of travel of the lever and hence a required flow 8 setting of the valve. The collar may be provided 9 with markings to indicate the flow setting associated with each portion of the collar. 10 11 12 Preferably the collar is adapted to press fit on the 13 rolled flange of a standard pressurised container. 14 In a second preferred embodiment of the first aspect 15 16 the variable spacer means comprises a collar 17 rotatably mounted around the valve stem beneath the 18 lever. 19 Preferably the spacer portions comprise a plurality 20 21 of portions of the collar of different thickness 22 adapted to space the lever from the container with 23 which the valve assembly is used when the lever is 24 at the limit of its travel. Preferably the collar 25 is rotatably mounted relative to the valve so that 26 in use the collar is rotated to select a required 27 limit of travel of the lever and hence a required flow setting of the valve. The collar may be 28 provided with markings to indicate the flow setting 29 30 associated with each portion of the collar. 31 Alternatively the lever could be rotated relative to 32 the valve and the collar fixed.

1	
2	Preferably the collar is in the form of a clip
3	having a radial slot. In this way the collar can be
4	readily fixed to a valve stem with a lever already
5	in place.
6	•
7	Preferably the collar is mounted on a portion of the
8	nozzle which extends below the lever. This allows
9	the nozzle, lever and collar to be pre-assembled as
10	a nozzle assembly which can then be snap fitted onto
11	the valve stem of a tilt valve at any stage in the
12	manufacturing process.
13	
14	Preferably the collar is arranged to engage the
15	rolled flange of a container with which the valve
16	assembly is used when the lever is at the limit of
17	its travel.
18	In a third professed embodiment of the first aspect
19	In a third preferred embodiment of the first aspect
20	the nozzle serves as the lever. Alternatively the
21	lever is provided between the nozzle and the valve stem and is substantially axially aligned with the
22 23	valve stem. Preferably the variable spacer means is
23 24	arranged to limit the lateral travel of the nozzle
24 25	or lever by a variable amount according to the
25 26	direction in which the nozzle or lever is displaced.
20 27	direction in which the mozzie of level is displaced.
	Destanding the grader means semprised a sollar which
28	Preferably the spacer means comprises a collar which
29	in use engages with a container with which the valve
30	assembly is used.
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Preferably the variable spacer means comprise a 1 2 plurality of spacer portions. Preferably the spacer portions comprise a plurality of recessed portions 3 of the collar of different depths adapted to contact 4 the nozzle or lever when the nozzle or lever is 5 displaced towards said recessed portion. 6 7 recessed portion provides a different limit of travel of the nozzle or lever and thus corresponds 8 to a different flow setting of the valve assembly. 9 10 Alternatively the variable spacer means may comprise 11 a cam surface of the collar adapted to contact the 12 nozzle or lever when the nozzle or lever is 13 displaced laterally and provide a limit of travel, 14 the limit of travel varying with the direction in 15 which the nozzle or lever is displaced. 16 17 The collar may include a sleeve substantially 18 surrounding the valve stem. The collar may be 19 provided with markings to indicate the flow setting 20 associated with each recessed portion. 21 22 23 Preferably the collar is adapted to press fit on the 24 rolled flange of a standard pressurised container. 25 26 According to a second aspect of the present 27 invention there is provided a dispensing apparatus comprising a container and a valve assembly 28 according to the first aspect. 29 30 Preferably the apparatus comprises means for urging 31 32 the product from the container. Preferably the

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1	container is pressurised. The container may contain
2	a propellant. The container may contain a piston,
3	situated between the propellant and the valve.
4	
5	Preferably the valve assembly comprises a mounting
6	cup adapted to secure the valve to the container.
7	Preferably the container is provided with a rolled
8	flange portion and the mounting cup is provided with
9	a corresponding flange portion adapted to engage
10	with the rolled flange portion of the container.
11	
12	According to a third aspect of the present invention
13	the valve assembly further comprises an actuator
14	which co-operates with a bearing portion of the
15	lever such that operation of the lever from a primed
16	position to a dispensing position causes movement of
17	the actuator to open the valve;
18	wherein the variable spacer means comprises an
19	adjustable spacing means provided on the lever which
20	can be adjusted to limit the travel of the lever.
21	
22	Preferably the adjustable spacing means comprises an
23	abutting member which is movable to a selected one
24	of a plurality of positions. Preferably the
25	abutting member is adapted to space the lever from a
26	container with which the valve assembly is used at
27	the limit of travel of the lever.
28	
29	Preferably the abutting member is arranged such that
30	for each of the plurality of positions of the
31	abutting member there is a corresponding position of
32	the lever at the limit of travel of the lever.

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2	Preferably the lever includes a handle which in use
3	extends along a portion of the side of a container
4	with which the valve assembly is used. Preferably
5	the adjustable spacing means is provided at the
6	handle. Preferably the lever is substantially L-
7	shaped. The angle of the L-shape may be understood
8	to be between approximately 60 degrees and 120
9	degrees, depending on the shape of the container
10	with which the valve assembly is used. Preferably
11	the bearing portion is provided on a first leg of
12	the L-shape and the handle is provided on the other,
13	second leg of the L-shape.
14	
15	Preferably the valve assembly includes fixing means
16	for fixing the valve assembly to a container. The
17	fixing means may be a mounting cup.
18	
19	Preferably the lever is pivotally connected to the
20	valve assembly by a hinge. Preferably the hinge is
21	at the free end of the first leg of the L-shape.
22	The hinge may be provided on a collar secured to the
23	valve. The collar may be secured by the fixing
24	means.
25	
26	In one embodiment of the third aspect the actuator
27	is provided with a cam surface which co-operates
28	with the lever bearing portion, such that upon
29	rotation of the actuator the lever bearing portion
30	is raised by action of the cam surface.
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1 Preferably the cam surface comprises one or more 2 depressions and one or more raised surfaces. 3 Preferably the lever has two lever bearing portions 4 5 arranged at opposite sides of the valve. Preferably 6 the actuator is a ring and the cam surface comprises 7 two depressions arranged at opposite sides of the 8 ring and two raised surfaces arranged between the 9 depressions at opposite sides of the ring. 10 In a further embodiment of the third aspect the 11 actuator is threadedly engaged with a valve stem of 12 the valve. Preferably the actuator is provided with 13 14 a bearing surface which co-operates with the lever 15 bearing portion, such that upon rotation of the 16 actuator relative to the valve stem the lever 17 bearing portion is raised by action of the bearing 18 surface. 19 20 Preferably the valve assembly includes a nozzle 21 which is rotationally coupled to the actuator. 22 Preferably the actuator comprises a ring member 23 arranged at a lower end of the nozzle. The actuator 24 may be integral with the nozzle. . 25 26 Preferably the actuator is provided with means to 27 limit the rotational travel of the actuator. 28 means may comprise two end stops provided on the 29 actuator adapted to locate against an upstand on the 30 valve assembly. 31

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Preferably the valve is a tilt valve. Tilt valves 1 2 are generally known in dispensing apparatus and operate by tilting of a hollow central stem which is 3 resiliently held on a mounting cup by a rubber 4 The stem is closed at its lower end by a 5 grommet. 6 sealing plate. When the stem is tilted, the seal between the grommet and the sealing plate is broken 7 and the product can reach apertures in the central 8 stem and thence flow along the hollow stem. 9 10 Preferably the actuator comprises one or more dog 11 teeth and the hinge assembly comprises one or more 12 slots, adapted such that a dog tooth can enter a 13 slot only when the nozzle assembly is in the open 14 position. The nozzle assembly is preferably coupled 15 to the valve stem for longitudinal movement, such 16 that movement of the nozzle assembly towards the 17 container causes the dog tooth to enter the slot and 18 the valve stem to move, thereby opening the valve to 19 release the product. 20 21 22 According to a fourth aspect of the present 23 invention there is provided a dispensing apparatus 24 comprising a container, a nozzle and a valve 25 assembly arranged between the container and the 26 nozzle, the valve assembly comprising: 27 28 a valve; a lever having a bearing portion; and 29 an actuator which co-operates with the bearing 30 portion of the lever such that operation of the 31 32 lever from a primed position to a dispensing

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position causes movement of the actuator to open the 1 2 valve; wherein the lever comprises an adjustable 3 spacing means which can be adjusted to limit the 4 5 travel of the lever. 6 Preferably the adjustable spacing means comprises an 7 abutting member which is movable to a selected one 8 of a plurality of positions. Preferably the 9 abutting member moves by sliding. Preferably the 10 abutting member is adapted to engage resiliently in 11 each of the plurality of positions. 12 13 Preferably the lever has a handle portion. 14 Preferably the abutting member is adapted to space 15 the handle portion of the lever from the container 16 at the limit of travel of the lever. 17 18 Preferably the abutting member is arranged such that 19 for each of the plurality of positions of the 20 abutting member there is a corresponding position of 21 the handle at the limit of travel of the lever. 22 23 Preferably the valve assembly is a valve assembly 24 according to the first aspect of the invention. 25 26 Preferably the actuator is provided with a cam 27 surface which co-operates with the lever bearing 28 portion. Preferably the actuator is rotationally 29 coupled to the nozzle. 30 31

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Preferably the apparatus comprises means for urging 1 the product from the container. Preferably the 2 container is pressurised. The container may contain 3 a propellant. The container may contain a piston, 4 situated between the propellant and the valve. 5 6 Preferably the valve comprises a mounting cup 7 adapted to secure the valve to the container. 8 Preferably the container is provided with a rolled 9 flange portion and the mounting cup is provided with 10 a corresponding flange portion adapted to engage 11 with the rolled flange portion of the container. 12 13 Specific embodiments of the invention will now be 14 described, by way of example only, with reference to 15 the accompanying drawings in which: 16 17 Fig. 1 shows a collar of a valve assembly 18 according to the invention; 19 20 Fig. 2 shows a section through a valve assembly 21 including the collar of Fig. 1 with the lever in a 22 primed position and the valve closed; 23 24 Fig. 3 shows a section through the valve 25 assembly of Fig. 2 with the collar in an 26 intermediate flow position and the lever at the 27 limit of its travel with the valve opened to an 28 intermediate flow setting; 29 30 Fig. 4 shows a section through the valve 31 assembly of Fig. 2 with the collar in a full flow 32

1	position and the lever at the limit of its travel
2	with the valve fully open;
3	•
4	Fig. 5 shows a section through another valve
5	assembly according to the invention before
6	attachment of the collar with the lever in a primed
7	position and the valve closed;
8	
9	Fig. 6 shows a section through the valve
10	assembly of Fig. 5 with the collar attached in an
11	intermediate flow position and the lever at the
12	limit of its travel with the valve opened to an
13	intermediate flow setting;
14	
15	Fig. 7 shows a section through the valve
16	assembly of Fig. 5 with the collar attached in a
17	full flow position and the lever at the limit of its
18	travel with the valve fully open;
19	
20	Fig. 8 shows an exploded view of another valve
21	assembly according to the invention;
22	
23	Fig. 9 shows the valve assembly of Fig. 8 in ar
24	assembled state;
25	
26	Fig. 10 shows a section through the valve
27	assembly of Fig. 8;
28	
29	Fig. 11 shows a further valve assembly
30	according to the invention;
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Fig. 12 is a side elevation on the valve 1 2 assembly of Fig. 11 with the lever in a parked position; 3 4 Fig. 13 is a side elevation on the valve 5 assembly of Fig. 11 with the lever in a primed 6 7 position; 8 9 Figs. 14, 15 and 16 show a perspective view, a longitudinal section and a transverse section 10 respectively of the adjustable spacer of a valve 11 assembly according to the invention; and 12 13 14 Figs. 17 and 18 show the adjustable spacer and the abutting member respectively of another valve 15 16 assembly according to the invention. 17 18 Referring to Figs. 1 to 4 of the accompanying drawings, there is disclosed a valve assembly 10 19 fitted on a container 12 to form a dispensing 20 apparatus 11. In this example, the container 12 is 21 an aluminium monoblock container of the sort widely 22 used in aerosol applications. It is envisaged that 23 the can 12 could be of tin plate, steel or any 24 conventional can construction having a standard one 25 inch (25 mm) hole in the top. The can may be 26 internally lacquered. However the valve assembly of 27 the present invention can be used with a container 28 12 of any material holding a pressurised product, 29 30 for example a container of plastic, glass or metal. 31

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The valve assembly 10 includes a valve 14, a nozzle 1 2 assembly 16, a lever 18 and a collar 20 secured to the container 12. The valve is a tilt valve of the 3 type widely used in pressurised dispensers and 4 5 operated by tilting the valve stem 30. The valve 6 stem 30 is a hollow plastic tube with apertures 32 7 in the tube wall at the lower end. The upper end 34 is open, while the lower end is closed by a plastic 8 sealing disc 36. A resilient grommet 38 of rubber 9 or synthetic material surrounds the lower portion of 10 the stem 30 and is held in place by the sealing disc 11 12 36 and a retaining collar 31 formed on the outside 13 of the stem 30. 14 The grommet 38 is sealed to a mounting cup 44 of 15 16 The mounting cup has an outer flange 48 17 which is adapted to fit around a rolled flange 13 18 which extends around the opening of the container When the stem 30 is tilted, the sealing disc 36 19 is pushed away from the grommet 38 on one side, and 20 material in the container 12 is free to pass between 21 the sealing disc 36 and grommet 38, through the 22 23 apertures 32, along the inner bore of the stem 30 24 and through the open end 34 of the stem. stem is released, the resilience of the grommet 38 25 26 pushes the stem back to the position shown in Fig 2. 27 The nozzle assembly 16 includes a nozzle 22 at its 28 29 upper end. In the example the nozzle 22 is angled, 30 but it may be straight or positioned at a different In the example the lever 18 is integrally 31 angle. 32 formed with the nozzle assembly 16 as a one-piece

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plastic moulding, but it may be attached separately. 1 The nozzle assembly sealingly engages at its lower 2 This can be by a screw end with the valve stem. 3 thread or snap fit or any other appropriate 4 engagement means. The nozzle 22 may be provided 5 6 with a removable nozzle cap (not shown). 7 The collar 20 is shown in more detail in Fig. 1. 8 The collar 20 is a ring shaped collar formed of 9 moulded plastic and includes a circular groove 50 in 10 its lower face which is adapted to snap fit over the 11 rolled flange 13 of the container and/or the outer 12 13 flange 48 of the mounting cup 44. 14 The collar 20 is a variable spacing means and has a 15 number of spacer portions 52, 54, 56, each of 16 different height, arranged about the collar. 17 the lever 18 is rotated until it extends over the 18 required spacer portion. The user then depresses 19 the lever until the underside 60 of the lever 18 20 contacts the top of the spacer portion, at which 21 point the lever 18 is at the limit of its travel. 22 By positioning the lever over a different spacer 23 24 portion 52, 54, 56 the user selects a different limit of travel and therefore a different flow 25 setting of the valve. Fig 3 shows the lever 18 26 fully depressed over spacer portion 56, with the 27 valve 14 opened to an intermediate flow setting. 28 Fig 4 shows the lever 18 fully depressed over spacer 29 30 portion 52, with the valve 14 opened to a fully open flow setting. 31

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To dispense product, a user presses down on the 1 handle 62 of the lever, moving it from the primed 2 position shown in Fig 2 towards the body of the 3 container 12 to adopt the dispensing position shown 4 in Fig 3 or 4. Because there is a predetermined 5 6 valve position associated with each dispensing 7 position, product is urged to flow, by virtue of the internal pressurisation of the pack, at a constant 8 predetermined rate through the ports 32 and up 9 through the valve stem 30 and out through the nozzle 10 22. 11 12 To stop dispensing, the user simply releases the 13 handle 62. This closes the valve by allowing the 14 valve stem 30 to tilt back to the position shown in 15 Fig 2 and close access through the ports 32. 16 17 The collar 20 may include a further spacer portion 18 (not shown) which is higher than the other spacer 19 portions 52, 54, 56 and which extends to the 20 underside 60 of the lever 18. The lever could then 21 be rotated to extend over the higher spacer portion 22 to prevent travel of the lever and effectively lock 23 24 the valve in a closed position. If required the collar may include a corresponding projection 25 diametrically opposite to prevent the lever being 26 pivoted in the opposite direction when the lever is 27 in the "locked" position. 28 29 Figs 5 to 7 show a further embodiment of a valve 30 assembly 10' according to the invention. 31 container 12, valve 14, nozzle assembly 16 and lever 32

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18 are the same as those described above with 1 reference to Figs 2 to 4, and so are not described 2 3 further. 4 In this embodiment the variable spacer means is a 5 ring-shaped collar 80 with a radial slot (not shown) 6 adapted to clip around the shaft of the nozzle 7 assembly 16 beneath the lever 18. In the 8 illustrated embodiment of Figs 6 and 7 the collar 9 has two spacer portions 82, 84, although the number 10 of spacer portions can be varied. In use the lever 11 18 or collar 80 is rotated until the lever 18 12 extends over the required spacer portion 82, 84. 13 The user then depresses the lever until the lever 18 14 urges the spacer portion into contact with the 15 flange 13 of the container 12, at which point the 16 lever 18 is at the limit of its travel. 17 positioning the lever over a different spacer 18 portion 82, 84 the user selects a different limit of 19 travel and therefore a different flow setting of the 20 valve. Fig 6 shows the lever 18 fully depressed 21 over spacer portion 82, with the valve 14 opened to 22 an intermediate flow setting. Fig 7 shows the lever 23 24 18 fully depressed over spacer portion 84, with the valve 14 opened to a fully open flow setting. 25 26 Operation is as described for the first embodiment. 27 The collar 80 may include a further spacer portion 28 (not shown) which is deeper than the other spacer 29 portions 82, 84 and which extends over height H as 30 shown in Fig 5 when the lever 18 is in the at-rest 31 position. The lever 18 or collar 80 could then be 32

2 effectively lock the valve in a closed position. If

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3 required the collar 80 may include a corresponding

4 projection diametrically opposite to prevent the

rotated to prevent travel of the lever and

5 lever being pivoted in the opposite direction when

6 the lever is in the "locked" position.

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8 Figs 8 to 10 show a further embodiment of a valve

9 assembly 10" according to the invention. The

10 container 12 and valve 14 are the same as those

described above with reference to Figs 2 to 4, and

12 so are not described further.

13

14 In this embodiment nozzle assembly 90 acts as a

15 lever, and the product is dispensed by displacing

the nozzle assembly 90 laterally. The variable

17 spacer means is a collar 92 which has a top plate 94

and a sleeve 96 which extends down from the top

19 plate to form a flush connection with the wall of

the container 12. The collar 92 includes an

21 internal tubular wall 98 which positively engages

22 with the rolled flange 13 which extends around the

23 opening of the container 12.

24

25 The top plate 94 of the collar 92 has three recessed

portions 100, 102, 104. The recessed portion 100 is

27 the shallowest of the three. When the nozzle

assembly 90 is operated in the direction of the

29 shallowest recessed portion 100 the tilt valve 14

30 can only partially open, so that product flows from

31 the container 12 at a slow flow rate. When the

32 nozzle assembly 90 is operated in the direction of

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the middle recessed portion 102 the tilt valve 14 1 2 can open to a greater extent, so that product flows 3 from the container 12 at a medium flow rate. the nozzle assembly 90 is operated in the direction 4 of the deepest recessed portion 104 the tilt valve 5 6 14 can open fully, so that product flows from the 7 container 12 at the maximum flow rate. 8 Markings 106 can be provided on the collar 92 to 9 10 indicate the flow rate associated with each recessed portion 100, 102, 104. The top plate 94 is provided 11 12 with a flange 108 of the same diameter as the rolled flange 13 of the container 12, so that a cap 110 13 adapted to fit on the rolled flange 13 can also fit 14 on the collar 92. 15 16 Modifications and improvements may be made to the 17 18 foregoing without departing from the scope of the 19 invention. In particular the step-like spacer portions 52, 54, 56, 82, 84 or recesses 100, 102, 20 104 of the illustrated embodiments may be replaced 21 by cam surfaces which allow quasi-infinite 22 adjustment of the maximum travel of the lever. 23 variable spacer means 20, 80, 92 may have shapes and 24 forms other than those illustrated. The shape and 25 26 form of the lever 18 and nozzle assembly 90 may be 27 The collar 82, 84 may be rotatably or varied. slidably fixed to the underside 80 of the lever. 28 The spacer portions may be adapted to bear on a part 29 .. of the container 12 or mounting cap 44 other than 30 the rolled flange 13. The spacer portions 52, 54, 31 32 56, 82, 84 may be provided with locating grooves or

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other means to encourage engagement with the lever 1 18 at particular relative rotational positions. 2 3 Referring now to Figs. 11 to 13 of the accompanying 4 drawings, there is disclosed another valve assembly 5 210 according to the invention fitted on a container 6 212 to form a dispensing apparatus 211. 7 example, the container 212 is an aluminium monoblock 8 container of the sort widely used in aerosol 9 applications. It is envisaged that the can 212 10 could be of tin plate, steel or any conventional can 11 construction having a standard one inch (25 mm) hole 12 in the top. The can may be internally lacquered. 13 However the valve assembly of the present invention 14 can be used with a container 212 of any material 15 holding a pressurised product, for example a 16 container of plastic, glass or metal. 17 18 19 The valve assembly 210 includes a valve (not shown), a hinge collar 216, a lever 218 and an actuator 220 20 including a nozzle 222 and cap 282. The valve is a 21 tilt valve of the type widely used in pressurised 22 dispensers and operated by tilting the valve stem. 23 The valve assembly, excluding handle 302, is 24 described in WO01/49585 and is not described further 25 26 here. 27 When the actuator is in the primed or open position, 28 as in Fig 13, then depression of the handle 302 29 towards the container 212 causes the bearing portion 30 300 of the lever 218 to push the actuator 220 in the 31 direction of arrow A towards the hinge assembly 216. 32

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The actuator 220 is linked to the valve stem to 1 2 prevent relative longitudinal movement of the valve and nozzle 222. The linking means may comprise a 3 thread or a rib and groove arrangement. 4 5 To dispense product, a user then presses down on the 6 lever handle 302, moving it from the primed position 7 shown in Fig 13 towards the body of the container 8 212 to adopt the dispensing position shown in Fig 9 10 12. 11 As seen more clearly in Figs 14 to 16, the handle 12 302 includes a plate 320, typically of moulded 13 plastic, which may be fixed by snap fit or sliding 14 15 onto the wires 322 which form the handle. 320 is provided with an adjustable spacing means 324 16 in the form of an abutting member 326 which is held 17 in a slot 328 in the plate 320. The abutting member 18 326 has a thumb grip 330 and can slide 19 longitudinally along the handle 302. When the 20 abutting member 326 is in a first position 326' 21 shown in Fig 13, the handle 302 can only move a 22 23 limited distance towards the container 212 to a first dispensing position, so that the valve is only 24 opened to an intermediate flow position. When the 25 26 abutting member 326 is in a second position 326'' shown in Fig 13, the handle 302 can move a greater 27 distance towards the container 212 to a second 28 29 dispensing position, so that the valve is opened to 30 a fully open flow position.

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It is to be understood that detent formations may be 1 formed in the abutting member 326 and/or plate 320 2 so that the adjustable spacing means 324 is readily 3 set at the required dispensing position. 4 abutting member 326 is moved to further intermediate 5 positions, then the valve may be opened to further 6 intermediate flow positions. There may be two, 7 three or more intermediate dispensing positions. 8 9 The plate 320 and/or thumb grip 330 are provided 10 with markings 332 which indicate the position to 11 which the abutting member 326 must be moved to 12 achieve a particular flow position. The flow 13 position may be set while the lever 218 is in the 14 parked or primed position, so that pressing the 15 handle 302 towards the container 212 from the primed 16 position results in the required flow rate of 17 product. The abutting member 326 effectively spaces 18 the handle 302 from the container 312 at the limit 19 of travel of the lever 218. The abutting member 326 20 is arranged such that for each of a plurality of 21 positions of the abutting member 326 there is a 22 corresponding position of the lever 218 at the limit 23 of travel of the lever. 24 25 When the valve is open product is urged to flow, by 26 virtue of the internal pressurisation of the pack, 27 through the valve stem and out through the nozzle 28 29 222. 30 To stop dispensing, the user simply releases the 31 lever handle 302. This closes the valve by allowing

1 the valve stem to slide back and close access

2 through the valve.

3

4 The abutting member 326 may be of any suitable shape

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or size which can be positively engaged in the slot.

In the example of Figs 14 to 16 the member 326

7 includes split legs 334 having detent portions 336

8 to non-removably engage with the slot. Figs 17 and

9 18 show an alternative form of abutting member 326',

which may be engaged by pushing through the thumb

grip portion 330' through the slot 328 in the

resilient plate 320. However the abutting member

may be a simple sliding device slidably mounted on

the wire 322 of the handle 302, or a device which

15 slidably engages with the edge of the handle plate

16 320.

17

18 Modifications and improvements may be made to the

19 foregoing without departing from the scope of the

20 invention. In particular the means of coupling

21 vertical movement of the bearing portion 300 of the

lever with opening of the valve is not limited to

23 the embodiments described above, and the adjustable

24 spacing means of the valve assembly of the invention

25 may be used with any suitable valve, lever and

26 actuator.